Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, a	s amended.
	Annual Control of the
Local Unit of Conservation Trees	Local (left Name

Loca	I Unit	of Go	vernment Typ				Local Unit Nam			County
	Count	-	 ★ City	Twp	□Village	Other	CITY OF S	COTTVILLE		MASON
	al Yea 30/06	170.70			Opinion Date 08/17/06			Date Audit Report Sub 9/27/06	mitted to State	
Wea	affirm	that				0.00				
We a	are ce	ertifie	d public a	countants	s licensed to p	ractice in N	Nichigan.			
Wef	urthe	r affi	m the follo	owing mat	erial, "no" rest	onses hav	e been disclos	sed in the financial sta	atements, inclu	ding the notes, or in the
					ments and red					
	YES	9	Check ea	ch applic	able box bel	ow. (See in	structions for	further detail.)		
1.	X						of the local u		financial state	ments and/or disclosed in the
2.		X						nit's unreserved fund oudget for expenditure		stricted net assets
3.	X		The local	unit is in	compliance wi	th the Unifo	orm Chart of A	ccounts issued by the	Department o	f Treasury.
4.	X		The local	unit has a	dopted a bud	get for all re	equired funds.			
5.	X	П	A public h	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	accordance wi	th State statute.		
6.	×		The local	unit has n	ot violated the	Municipal		an order issued under	r the Emergend	cy Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	X							evenues that were col	lected for anoti	her taxing unit.
8.	X							with statutory require		
9.	X		The local	unit has n	o illegal or un	authorized	expenditures	that came to our atter	ntion as defined	d in the Bulletin for
10.	×		There are	no indica	itions of defakt	cation, fraud	d or embezzie d to the Local	ment, which came to	our attention di vision (LAFD).	uring the course of our audit If there is such activity that ha
11.	X		The local	unit is fre	e of repeated	comments	from previous	years.		
12.	X		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	ED.				
13.	X				complied with		r GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA	Statement #7	and other generally
14.	X		The boar	d or counc	il approves al	l invoices p	rior to paymer	nt as required by char	ter or statute.	
15.	X		To our kn	owledge,	bank reconcili	ations that	were reviewe	d were performed time	ely.	
incl	uded cripti	in thion(s)	his or any of the aut	other aud hority and	dit report, nor Vor commissio	do they o		alone audit, please		he audited entity and is not ame(s), address(es), and a
We	hav	e end	closed the	following	g:	Enclosed	Not Require	d (enter a brief justificati	on)	
Fin	ancia	al Sta	tements			x				
The	e lette	er of	Comments	and Reco	ommendations	s 🔲	ио соми	ENTS		
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)				NO OTHER	R REPORTS REQUIR	RED	
Cert	ified P	ublic A	Accountant (F	irm Name)			-	Telephone Number		
Br	ickle	y De	Long, PL	.C				(231) 726-3157		
000000	et Add		e Plaza, I	O. Box	999			City Muskegon	State MI	Zip 49443
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Buskley Delong, PLC

City of Scottville Mason County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

Year ended June 30, 2006

City of Scottville LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

June 30, 2006

Mayor	Leon Begue
Mayor Pro Tem	Cindy Gleason
City Commission	Bonnie Pfefferle Richard Maki Ron Merrill Joe Baxter Donna Baker Petersen

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Manager/Clerk	Amy Hansen
Deputy City Clerk/Utility Clerk	Deborah Howe
Finance Officer/Treasurer	Susan Oppermann
Police Chief	Larry Nichols

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This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Scottville's basic financial statements. This report consists of a series of financial statements for the City as of June 30, 2006. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

At the close of the fiscal year the City of Scottville had total assets of \$10,395,626 and total liabilities of \$3,466,511 leaving total net assets of \$6,929,115. Of this amount, \$742,244 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The City has heavy infrastructure investments in water and sewer, evidenced by business-type total net assets of \$5,159,130, over 75% of total net assets.

Governmental activities had net income of \$6,562 and business-type activities had net loss of \$55,584.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances. The statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information of all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business type activities). The government activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and cultural and recreational activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories; governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources, uses, and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Major Streets Fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City has two enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations.

Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise funds financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer funds, both of which are major funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgetary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the City as a whole. The first table presented below provides a summary of the City's net assets. As of June 30, 2006 the City's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$1,769,985 and \$5,159,130 from business-type activities, creating a government-wide net asset total of \$6,929,115. For comparison purposes as of June 30, 2005, the City's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$1,763,423 and \$5,214,714 from business-type activities, creating a government wide net asset total of \$6,978,137.

In examining composition of net assets, the reader should note that the amount of governmental activities net assets that are invested in capital assets (i.e., streets, buildings, furniture and equipment, etc.). These assets are used to provide services to the residents, and are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for governmental-type activities actually depict a balance of \$535,970. This represents the amount of discretionary cash or investments that can be used for general government operations.

For governmental activities, capital assets and the corresponding investment in capital assets net of related debt net assets category increased due to the purchase of a new dump truck and work done on West Johnson road. Noncurrent liabilities increased and unrestricted net assets decreased due to an increase in estimated future landfill remediation costs.

The business-type activities show a total of \$5,159,130 in net assets and \$206,274 in unrestricted net assets. The Sewer Fund and Water Fund unrestricted net assets are \$13,098 and \$187,241, respectively.

For business-type activities, current liabilities decreased due to the payment of an advance from the County.

Net Assets

		Gove	rnm	ental		Busin	ness-	type				
	_	Ac	ies	Ac	ies		Total					
		2006 2005				2006	2005		2006		2005	
Current assets and												
other assets	\$	1,443,086	\$	1,413,868	\$	492,497	\$	526,554	\$	1,935,583	\$	1,940,422
Capital assets	_	900,340		770,303	_	7,559,703		7,732,911		8,460,043		8,503,214
Total assets		2,343,426		2,184,171		8,052,200		8,259,465		10,395,626		10,443,636
Current liabilities		171,583		124,461		134,257		228,473		305.840		352,934
Noncurrent liabilities			296,287		2,758,813		2,816,278		3,160,671		3,112,565	
Total liabilities	_	573,441	_	420,748		2,893,070	_	3,044,751		3,466,511		3,465,499

		Governme	Activities	Business-t	Activities		Total					
		2006	06 2005			2006	006 2005			2006		2005
Net assets												
Invested in capital												
assets, net of relate	d											
debt	\$	807,282	\$	680,614	\$	4,735,390	\$	4,774,333	\$	5,542,672	\$	5,454,947
Restricted		426,733		462,869		217,466		185,629		644,199		648,498
Unrestricted	_	535,970	619,940			206,274		254,752		742,244		874,692
Total net assets	\$	1,769,985	\$	1,763,423	\$	5,159,130	\$	5,214,714	\$	6,929,115	\$	6,978,137

Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations for the City as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities, which shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2006. You will also see a revenue and expense comparison from fiscal year 2005.

Governmental Activities

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, the City experienced an overall increase in the net assets of \$6,562. The following table shows these results.

Property taxes increased due to growth in the City's taxable value. Investment earnings increased as a result of higher interest rates. Public works expense increased due to an increase in the estimate of future landfill remediation costs.

Business-type Activities

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, the City experienced an overall decrease in the net assets of \$55,584 or approximately 1%. The following table shows these results.

The only significant difference between the current year and previous year was the decrease in capital contributions. The capital contribution in the previous year was from Mason County for a wastewater project.

Changes in Net Assets

	_	Governmental Activities				Business-t	ype 1	Activities	_	Ι		
	_	2006		2005		2006		2005	_	2006	_	2005
Revenues:												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	188,975	\$	179,348	\$	477,886	\$	476,497	\$	666,861	\$	655,845
Operating grants		132,112		128,433		-		-		132,112		128,433
Capital grants and												
contributions		28,986		49,800		13,688		736,567		42,674		786,367
General revenues												
Property taxes		427,029		397,321		-		-		427,029		397,321
Grants and contributions												
not restricted		163,286		165,967		-		-		163,286		165,967
Unrestricted investment												
earnings		44,848		21,198		15,352		7,897		60,200		29,095
Miscellaneous	_	12,290	_	14,826	_	-	_	-	_	12,290	_	14,826
Total revenues		997,526		956,893		506,926		1,220,961		1,504,452		2,177,854

	_	Governmen	Governmental Activities				ype .	Activities	Total			
		2006		2005		2006	2005			2006		2005
Expenses:												
General government	\$	261,175	\$	239,883	\$	-	\$	-	\$	261,175	\$	239,883
Public safety		186,194		187,578		-		-		186,194		187,578
Public works		413,124		284,190		-		-		413,124		284,190
Culture and recreation		125,577		132,882		-		-		125,577		132,882
Interest on long term debt		4,894		6,250		-		-		4,894		6,250
Sewer Fund		-		-		400,708		409,110		400,708		409,110
Water Fund	_	-	_	-		161,802	_	161,868	_	161,802	_	161,868
Total expenses		990,964		850,783		562,510		570,978		1,553,474		1,421,761
Change in net assets		6,562		106,110		(55,584)		649,983		(49,022)		756,093
Net assets - Beginning		1,763,423	_	1,657,313	5,214,714		_	4,564,731		6,978,137	_	6,222,044
Net assets - Ending	\$_	1,769,985	\$ _	1,763,423	\$_	5,159,130	\$_	5,214,714	\$_	6,929,115	\$_	6,978,137

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2006 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined undesignated fund balance of \$1,002,440 of which \$713,421 is in the General Fund. There were no unreserved fund deficits in any of the City's governmental funds. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved or designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to 1) pay debt service \$1,196; 2) pay capital purchases and liquidate inventories and prepaids \$42,027; 3) pay maintenance of rights of way \$14,238; 4) pay improvements for Riverside Park \$43,716; and 5) reserves for perpetual care \$88,822.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The General Fund pays for administration, public safety, general public works, assessments, elections, legal, recreation, boards and commissions, and other minor functions. The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$762,560, an increase of \$35,098 from fiscal year 2005. The health of the General Fund may be measured by the ratio of unreserved General Fund balance to annual General Fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 117% of the General Fund expenditures.

The Major Streets Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$170,842, a decrease of \$24,909 from fiscal year 2005. The combined non-major governmental funds realized a small decrease in fund balance of \$10,031 for the fiscal year.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental financial statement, but in more detail. Net assets of the Sewer Fund decreased by \$78,441, while the Water Fund increased by \$23,481. The result was an overall decrease of \$54,960.

Budget Amendments and Variances

At various times throughout any budget year, budget amendments are needed to reflect changing financial conditions and changes to financial policy. The General Fund amended its budget to account for some increased professional services expenditures and a transfer to the Local Streets Fund for street maintenance work. Major Streets and Local Streets funds made amendments to account for additional street maintenance expenses. The Garbage and Refuse Collection Fund amended its budget for increased costs associated with the landfill closure expenses and finally the Motor Pool Fund increased its budget to account for the purchase a of new dump truck.

The General Fund did not have any significant variances between the final budget and actual expenditures.

Capital Asset Administration

The City's most significant capital asset expenditure this year was the purchase of a dump truck for \$94,724 and work done on West Johnson Road for \$74,097. The City also incurred preliminary costs of \$12,075 on a new boat launch project.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2006 the City had outstanding long-term liabilities of \$3,305,271 consisting of various general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, Michigan Transportation Fund Bonds, installment purchases, landfill remediation costs and compensated absences. The only new debt in the current year was a new installment purchase in the amount of \$53,458 used to purchase a new dump truck.

On the governmental side of the City, the largest source of debt is the landfill remediation costs. The liability is estimated each year based on the average actual costs over the three most recent years, then extrapolated to the number of years remaining. The change in estimate is shown as an increase in the debt in the current year. The balance of the landfill remediation liability at June 30, 2006 is 350,000 or 11% of total debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Scottville's 2006-07 budget calls for a decrease in the City's Operating Millage from 17.3659 to 17.30160 due to a Headlee Rollback. Even with the decrease in millage the City will have an increase in total tax collections as the City's taxable value has increased significantly. The taxable value increase was largely due in part to two 425 Agreements that were approved in the previous fiscal year. The first was with Custer Township on 22 acres and the second was with Amber Township for approximately 12 acres.

The City did not increase water rates in the past fiscal year, however, this option is still being considered for the upcoming fiscal year. The City is planning to purchase a new backhoe, a new four-wheel drive pick-up and a used two-wheel drive pick-up in this fiscal year.

As mentioned in last year's Management and Discussion Analysis, the City applied for two DNR Grants which we did receive. The first grant was for the Boat Launch project in which the DNR awarded us \$82,300 and the second was for Riverside Park Campground Upgrades, in which the DNR awarded us \$284,400. Both of these projects are scheduled to start in the 2006/2007 fiscal year.

The City has also applied for a grant from the DNR for the construction of a Community Playground at McPhail field. If the grant is awarded the City is planning to start construction on the playground in the spring of 2007. The estimated cost of this project is \$80,000.

The City is also planning to purchase the Healy Dodge Chrysler property on South Main Street. The cost of this property is \$125,000. The City is also pursuing options on the possibility of constructing a new City Hall on that site or possibly remodeling it's current facility.

Contacting the City's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, residents, voters, customers and investors with a general overview of the City's finances as well as to depict the City's accountability for the money it receives and spends. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact City Hall at 231-757-4729, Scottville City Hall, located at 105 North Main Street, Scottville, MI 49454. Scottville City Hall is open Monday through Friday from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM excluding most national holidays.

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

August 17, 2006

City Commission City of Scottville Scottville, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottville as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Scottville's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scottville as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The managements' discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i - vii and 28 - 29 are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Scottville's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Brukley le Long, PLC

City of Scottville STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

ASSETS

	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables Internal balances	\$ 1,346,019 24,041 (5,935)	\$ 213,605 41,979 5,935	\$ 1,559,624 66,020
Due from other governmental units Inventories Prepaid items	70,584 2,954 5,423	11,612	70,584 14,566 5,423
Total current assets	1,443,086	273,131	1,716,217
NONCURRENT ASSETS Restricted assets Capital assets, net	-	219,366	219,366
Nondepreciable	264,532	6,457	270,989
Depreciable	635,808	7,553,246	8,189,054
Total noncurrent assets	900,340	7,779,069	8,679,409
Total assets	2,343,426	8,052,200	10,395,626
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Customer deposits Due to other governmental units Deferred revenue Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	58,873 - 21,810 11,800 79,100	22,249 7,130 39,378 - 65,500	81,122 7,130 61,188 11,800 144,600
Total current liabilities	171,583	134,257	305,840
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	401,858	2,758,813	3,160,671
Total liabilities	573,441	2,893,070	3,466,511
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	807,282	4,735,390	5,542,672
Streets and highways	214,357	-	214,357
Debt service	22.650	91,371	91,371 159,745
Capital projects Perpetual care - nonexpendable	33,650 88,822	126,095	159,745 88,822
Garbage refuse and collection	41,401	-	41,401
Downtown development	48,503	-	48,503
Unrestricted	535,970	206,274	742,244
Total net assets	\$ 1,769,985	\$5,159,130	\$ 6,929,115

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2006

					Program Reven		Net Assets							
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(Charges for services		perating grants d contributions		apital grants contributions	(Governmental activities	I	Business-type activities		Total
Governmental activities	-		-			_			-		_		_	
General government	\$	261,175	\$	29,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(231,675)	\$	-	\$	(231,675)
Public safety		186,194		1,887		703		-		(183,604)		-		(183,604)
Public works		413,124		30,435		131,409		28,986		(222,294)		-		(222,294)
Culture and recreation		125,577		127,153		-		-		1,576		-		1,576
Interest on long-term debt		4,894	_	-	_		_		_	(4,894)	_		_	(4,894)
Total governmental activities		990,964		188,975		132,112		28,986		(640,891)		-		(640,891)
Business-type activities														
Sewer		400,708		302,110		-		13,688		-		(84,910)		(84,910)
Water		161,802	_	175,776	_		_		_		_	13,974	_	13,974
Total business-type activities		562,510	_	477,886	_	-	_	13,688	_	_	_	(70,936)	_	(70,936)
Total government	\$	1,553,474	\$_	666,861	\$ =	132,112	\$_	42,674		(640,891)		(70,936)		(711,827)
General revenues														
Property taxes										427,029		-		427,029
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific pro	gram	S								163,286		-		163,286
Unrestricted investment earnings										44,848		15,352		60,200
Miscellaneous										10,290		-		10,290
Gain on sale of capital assets									_	2,000	_		_	2,000
Total general revenues									_	647,453	_	15,352	_	662,805
Change in net assets										6,562		(55,584)		(49,022)
Net assets at July 1, 2005									_	1,763,423	_	5,214,714	_	6,978,137
Net assets at June 30, 2006									\$_	1,769,985	\$_	5,159,130	\$_	6,929,115

City of Scottville BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	_	General Fund	_	Major Streets Fund	g 	Other overnmental funds	_	Total governmental funds
ASSETS	45			400.000				
Cash and investments	\$	737,425	\$	183,390	\$	258,345	\$	1,179,160
Accounts receivable		24,029		-		12		24,041
Due from other governmental units		52,103		14,110		4,371		70,584
Inventories		- 5.422		· -		2,954		2,954
Prepaid items	_	5,423	_		_		-	5,423
Total assets	\$_	818,980	\$_	197,500	\$_	265,682	\$ =	1,282,162
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	22,685	\$	19,323	\$	5,702	\$	47,710
Accrued liabilities		8,026		89		288		8,403
Due to other governmental units		13,909		7,246		655		21,810
Deferred revenue	_	11,800	_				_	11,800
Total liabilities		56,420		26,658		6,645		89,723
Fund balances								
Reserved for:								
Inventories		-		-		2,954		2,954
Prepaid items		5,423		-		-		5,423
Debt service		-		-		1,196		1,196
Capital projects		-		-		33,650		33,650
Rights of way maintenance		-		-		14,238		14,238
Perpetual care		-		-		88,822		88,822
Unreserved								
Designated for Riverside Park improvements		43,716		-		-		43,716
Undesignated, reported in								
General Fund		713,421		-		-		713,421
Special revenue funds		-	_	170,842	_	118,177	_	289,019
Total fund balances	_	762,560	_	170,842		259,037	_	1,192,439
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	818,980	\$_	197,500	\$_	265,682	\$ =	1,282,162

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

Total fund balance—governmental funds		\$	1,192,439
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Cost of capital assets	\$ 1,090,244		
Accumulated depreciation	(407,421)		682,823
Accrued interest in governmental activities is not reported in the governmental funds.			(1,000)
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the			
current period and are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Bonds and notes payable	(39,600)		
Landfill remediation cost	(350,000)		
Compensated absences	(37,900)		(427,500)
•			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to			
individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with			
governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.			323,223
		_	<u> </u>
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets		\$_	1,769,985

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2006

	_	General Fund	Major Streets Fund		Streets		g 	Other overnmental funds		Total governmental funds
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	353,148	\$	-	\$	73,881	\$	427,029		
Licenses and permits		7,343		-		-		7,343		
Intergovernmental revenues				20.007				20.007		
Federal State		162.000		28,986		-		28,986		
		163,989		93,646		30,901		288,536		
Charges for services		148,261		-		31,485		179,746		
Fines and forfeitures		1,887		-		-		1,887		
Investment earnings		29,606		6,132		10,746		46,484		
Other	_	10,290	_	-	_	-	-	10,290		
Total revenues		714,524		128,764		147,013		990,301		
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		243,325		-		13,515		256,840		
Public safety		180,839		-		-		180,839		
Public works		100,332		44,956		124,215		269,503		
Culture and recreation		113,734		-		-		113,734		
Debt service										
Principal		1,089		-		77,226		78,315		
Interest and fees		32		-		4,708		4,740		
Capital outlay	_	12,075		74,097	_		_	86,172		
Total expenditures	_	651,426	_	119,053	_	219,664	_	990,143		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		63,098		9,711		(72,651)		158		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		3,000		354		94,163		97,517		
Transfers out	_	(31,000)		(34,974)		(31,543)	_	(97,517)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(28,000)	_	(34,620)		62,620	_			
Net change in fund balances		35,098		(24,909)		(10,031)		158		
Fund balances at July 1, 2005		727,462		195,751	_	269,068	_	1,192,281		
Fund balances at June 30, 2006	\$	762,560	\$	170,842	\$_	259,037	\$_	1,192,439		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds	\$ 158
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense Capital outlay \$ (23.8) 86.1	 62,332
Change in estimated costs of landfill remediation.	(134,626)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	78,315
Interest expense on long-term debt is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred, but is not reported in the governmental funds until paid.	1,146
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities and reported as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds.	(3,858)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment used to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	3,095
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 6,562

City of Scottville STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2006

ASSETS

		Busi Sewer	ness-type Activities - Enterp Water	orise fundsTotal	Governmental activities- Internal service fund
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Inventories	\$	24,702 31,921	\$ 188,903 10,058 11,612	\$ 213,605 41,979 11,612	\$ 166,859 -
Total current assets		56,623	210,573	267,196	166,859
NONCURRENT ASSETS Restricted assets Capital assets		126,095	93,271	219,366	-
Land Utility systems Buildings and improvements		7,217,840	6,457 1,311,496	6,457 8,529,336	- - 17,748
Equipment and furniture Less accumulated depreciation		18,397 (453,482)	58,497 (599,502)	76,894 (1,052,984)_	749,359 (549,590)
Net capital assets		6,782,755	776,948	7,559,703	217,517
Total noncurrent assets		6,908,850	870,219	7,779,069	217,517
Total assets		6,965,473	1,080,792	8,046,265	384,376
	LIABILITIES AND NET ASSI	ETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Customer deposits Due to other governmental units Bonds and other obligations, due within one year		527 19,514 - 23,484 31,500	2,208 7,130 15,894 34,000	527 21,722 7,130 39,378 65,500	282 1,478 - - 10,000
Total current liabilities		75,025	59,232	134,257	11,760
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year Total liabilities		2,401,938 2,476,963	356,875 416,107	2,758,813 2,893,070	43,458 55,218
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		4,349,317	386,073	4,735,390	164,059
Replacement Debt service Unrestricted		126,095 - 13,098	91,371 187,241	126,095 91,371 	- - 165,099
Total net assets	\$	4,488,510	\$ 664,685	5,153,195	\$ 329,158
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds				5,935	
Net assets of business-type activities				\$5,159,130	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2006

	Business-type Activities - Ente					e funds	ac	vernmental etivities- nternal
	Sewer Water				Total	service fund		
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	302,110	\$	175,776	\$	477,886	\$	78,975
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Administration		29,855		15,921		45,776		=
Operations		120,524		96,678		217,202		55,409
Depreciation	_	144,614	_	28,594		173,208	_	27,019
Total operating expenses	_	294,993	_	141,193	_	436,186	_	82,428
Operating income (loss)		7,117		34,583		41,700		(3,453)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment earnings		6,170		9,182		15,352		5,226
Special assessments		13,688		-		13,688		-
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		2,000
Interest expense	_	(105,416)	_	(20,284)	_	(125,700)		(1,300)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	_	(85,558)	_	(11,102)	_	(96,660)		5,926
Change in net assets		(78,441)		23,481		(54,960)		2,473
Net assets at July 1, 2005	_	4,566,951	_	641,204				326,685
Net assets at June 30, 2006	\$=	4,488,510	\$_	664,685			\$_	329,158
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds						(624)		
Change in net assets of business-type activities					\$_	(55,584)		

City of Scottville STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2006

Governmental

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise funds							ctivities- Internal	
	Sewer			Water	aprise	Total		rvice fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	Bewei	_	vvater	_	Total		vice fund	
Receipts from customers	\$	300,224	\$	174,371	\$	474,595	\$	-	
Receipts from interfund services provided		1,073		1,305		2,378		78,975	
Payments to suppliers		(115,963)		(79,444)		(195,407)		(41,693)	
Payments to employees		(27,711)		(31,416)		(59,127)		(13,346)	
Payment for interfund services used	_	(6,700)	_	(7,290)	_	(13,990)	_	-	
Net cash provided by operating activities		150,923		57,526		208,449		23,936	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Proceeds from capital debt		-		-		-		53,458	
Special assessments		11,701		-		11,701			
Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt		(100.265)		(24.000)		(124.265)		(94,724)	
Interest paid on capital debt		(100,265)		(34,000) (20,610)		(134,265) (135,470)		-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(114,860)		(20,610)		(133,470)		2,000	
•	_		_		_		_		
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(203,424)		(54,610)		(258,034)		(39,266)	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings		6,170		9,182		15,352		5,226	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	_	(46,331)	-	12,098	-	(34,233)	_	(10,104)	
· · ·				•					
Cash and investments at July 1, 2005	_	197,128		270,076	_	467,204		176,963	
Cash and investments at June 30, 2006	\$_	150,797	\$_	282,174	\$_	432,971	\$_	166,859	
Reconciliation of cash and investments to balance sheet									
Cash and investments	\$	24,702	\$	188,903	\$	213,605	\$	166,859	
Restricted assets	_	126,095	_	93,271	_	219,366		-	
	\$	150,797	\$	282,174	\$_	432,971	\$	166,859	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	7,117	\$	34,583	\$	41,700	\$	(3,453)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by									
operating activities									
Depreciation expense		144,614		28,594		173,208		27,019	
Change in assets and liabilities									
Accounts receivable		1,687		(500)		1,187		-	
Accounts payables		504		(4)		500		192	
Accrued liabilities Customer deposits		14 (2,500)		308 400		322 (2,100)		178	
Due to other governmental units		(2,300)		(5,855)		(2,100)		-	
5			ф —		_		s —		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	150,923	\$_	57,526	³ =	208,449	^ъ =	23,936	

City of Scottville STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2006

	-	Trust Fund Riverside Park	-	Agency Fund Escrow Tax Trust
ASSETS		_		_
Cash and investments	\$	10,834	\$	1,365
LIABILITIES				
Due to other governmental units	_		-	1,365
Total liabilities	_		\$	1,365
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for Riverside Park	\$ __	10,834		

City of Scottville STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Riverside Park Memorial Trust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Investment gain	\$_	280
Change in net assets		280
Net assets at July 1, 2005	_	10,554
Net assets at June 30, 2006	\$_	10,834

June 30, 2006

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Scottville (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven member council with an appointed mayor. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations.

Blended Component Unit

Downtown Development Authority (DDA). The City appoints all Board members and approves annual budgets for the Authority, and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Authority's debt remains with the City. The Authority is reported as a special revenue fund.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

June 30, 2006

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Streets Fund accounts for money distributed by the State of Michigan for construction and maintenance of major streets within the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund operates the City's sewage pumping station, collection systems and pays for access to the City of Ludington's sewage treatment plant.

The Water Fund operates the City's water distribution system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for equipment management services provided to other funds of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for resources held in trust for the Riverside Park.

The Agency Fund is custodial in nature and does not measure results of operations or have a measurement focus.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

June 30, 2006

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued
As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated form the government-wide financial

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated form the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Under this standard, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standard also provides that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed and the City intends to hold the investment until maturity.

The City has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

June 30, 2006

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on July 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollected real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the City to the County for collection. The County advances the City all of these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the City. The City recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2005 state taxable value for real/personal property of the City totaled approximately \$20,951,800 of which approximately \$1,883,800 was captured by the DDA. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 17.3659 mills for operation and 1.5 mills for garbage collection. An additional 2.0 mills is levied on all taxable value in the DDA district of approximately \$3,279,000. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, Garbage and Refuse Collection Fund, and DDA General Fund with captured amounts also shown in the DDA General Fund.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Enterprise Fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

June 30, 2006

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include only items acquired since July 1, 2003 as allowed by generally accepted accounting principles.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	15-40
Public domain infrastructure	20-30
System infrastructure and improvements	10-66
Vehicles and equipment	5-20

Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Accumulated vacation leave must be taken in the current calendar year. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused vacation at their current rates. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day per month of employment up to 880 hours. Unused accumulated sick leave is paid to employees with 10 years or more of service who resign or retire, limited to 30 days, not to exceed \$4,000 per employee. The liability for these compensated absences is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

June 30, 2006

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets, and the permanent fund, which is not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Not later than the second Monday in May, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the City Council. All appropriations lapse at year end.

June 30, 2006

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY—Continued

Budgetary Information—Continued

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

During the year ended June 30, 2006, actual expenditures exceeded appropriations for capital outlay in the General Fund by \$8,475 and public works in the Garbage and Refuse Collection by \$6,457. Those overexpenditures were funded with available fund balance.

NOTE C-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2006, the City had only cash and cash equivalents.

Interest rate risk. The City's investment policy limits investment maturities to five years or less and requires the overall weighted average duration of its entire portfolio be less than three years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The City's investment policy limits various types of investments to certain percentages of the City's total investment portfolio as a means of managing its risk.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2006, \$1,608,307 of the City's bank balance of \$1,812,175 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy sets certain requirements for financial institutions to be eligible to do business with the City as a means to limit its risk.

Foreign currency risk. The City is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

June 30, 2006

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS—Continued

Restricted Assets

Restrictions are placed on assets by bond ordinance and City Council action. At June 30, 2006, restricted cash and investments in the City are restricted as follows:

Water Fund		
Repairs and maintenance	\$	31,002
Bond and interest redemption fund		8,351
Bond reserve fund	_	53,918
		93,271
Sewer Fund		
Replacement reserve fund	_	126,095
	\$	219,366

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2005		Additions	<u>.</u>	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2006
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated	151 250	Ф		Ф		Ф	151.050
Land	\$ 171,359	\$	-	\$	-	\$	171,359
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements	71,046		-		-		71,046
Buildings and improvements	669,059		-		-		669,059
Vehicles and equipment	766,740		94,724		8,750		852,714
Construction in progress	7,001		86,172	_	-		93,173
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated	1,513,846		180,896		8,750		1,685,992
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements	-		3,552		-		3,552
Buildings and improvements	318,100		13,141		-		331,241
Vehicles and equipment	596,802		34,166		8,750		622,218
Total accumulated depreciation	914,902		50,859		8,750		957,011
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net	598,944		130,037				728,981
Capital assets, net	\$ 770,303	\$	130,037	\$		\$	900,340

June 30, 2006

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued

	Balance					Balance
	July 1, 2005		Additions	Deductions		June 30, 2006
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	:					
Land	6,457	\$	-	\$ -	\$	6,457
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Water system	1,311,496		-	-		1,311,496
Sewer system	7,217,840		-	-		7,217,840
Equipment and furniture	76,894		-		_	76,894
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,606,230		-	-		8,606,230
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Water system	527,861		24,498	-		552,359
Sewer system	295,271		143,915	-		439,186
Equipment and furniture	56,644		4,795		_	61,439
Total accumulated depreciation	879,776		173,208		_	1,052,984
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net	7,726,454		(173,208)		_	7,553,246
Capital assets, net	7,732,911	\$	(173,208)	\$ 	\$	7,559,703
D '.'						
Depreciation Depreciation expense has been charged to	functions as fo	llow	/s:			
Governmental activities:						
General government					\$	2,817
Public safety						3,919
Public works						5,357
Culture and recreation						11,747
Internal Service Fund depreciation is	s charged to the	2				
various programs based on their	usage of the ass	sets.			_	27,019
					\$	50,859
Business-type activities:					-	
Sewer					\$	144,614
Water					_	28,594
					\$	173,208

NOTE E-INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Interfund transfers:

	_		Transfers i	n:				
			Major		Other			
		General	Streets	٤	governmental			
		Fund	Fund		funds		Total	Purpose
Transfers out:	-							
General Fund	\$	-	\$ -	\$	31,000	\$	31,000	Operations subsidy
Major Streets Fund		-	-		34,974		34,974	Operations subsidy and debt service
Other governmental								Debt service
funds	_	3,000	 354		28,189	_	31,543	and close funds
Total	\$_	3,000	\$ 354	\$	94,163	\$_	97,517	

NOTE F—DEFERRED REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue, which represented unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were for camping fees in the amount of \$11,800.

NOTE G-LONG-TERM DEBT

		Balance						Balance		Due within
	July 1, 2005			Additions		Reductions	J	une 30, 2006	,	one year
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	41,600	\$	-	\$	26,000	\$	15,600	\$	15,600
Michigan Transportation										
Fund bonds		47,000		-		23,000		24,000		24,000
Installment purchase										
agreements		1,089		53,458		1,089		53,458		10,000
Landfill remediation costs		243,600		134,626		28,226		350,000		17,500
Compensated absences	_	34,042	_	14,709	,	10,851	_	37,900		12,000
Governmental activity										
long-term liabilities	\$_	367,331	\$	202,793	\$	89,166	\$_	480,958	\$	79,100

June 30, 2006

NOTE G—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

Business-type activities:	Balance July 1, 2005 Additions Reductions June 30, 20													
Revenue bonds	\$ 2,893,293	\$	_	\$	68 980	\$	2,824,313	\$	65,500					
Advance from county	65,285	Ψ	504	Ψ	65,789	Ψ	2,027,313	Ψ	-					
Advance from county	05,205		304	•										
Business-type activity														
long-term liabilities	\$ 2,958,578	\$	504	\$	134,769	\$	2,824,313	\$	65,500					
Governmental activities:														
General obligation bonds	; :													
\$137,000 General Oblig	gation Limited	Ta	x Refunding	3										
Bonds series 2001;	final payment o	f \$	15,600 due											
January 2007; interes	est at 7.0%							\$	15,600					
Michigan Transportation	Fund Bonds:													
\$95,000 Michigan Trar	sportation Fun	d E	Bonds series	;										
2001; final payment	of \$24,000 due	e F	ebruary 200	7;										
interest at 4.2%									24,000					
Installment purchase agi	eements:													
\$53,458 Installment Pu	rchase Contrac	t of	f 2005 payal	ble	;									
in annual installmen	ts of \$11,839 tl	hro	ugh Octobe	r										
2010; including inte	rest at 3.45%								53,458					
Landfill remediation cos	ts													
Landfill remediation co	sts estimated a	nnı	ual cost of											
approximately \$17,5	500 through Jur	ne 2	2026 (note H	H)					350,000					
								_	443,058					
Compensated absorption	ences							_	37,900					
								\$	480,958					

NOTE G—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

Business-type activities:

Revenue bonds:

\$720,000 Water supply revenue bonds of 1975 due
in annual installments of \$30,000 through
January 2014; interest at 5%
\$240,000

\$375,000 Obligation to Mason County payable due
in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$25,000
through March 2030; interest at rates varying
from 4.4% to 5.6%
\$365,000

\$2,271,215 Obligation to Mason County due in annual installments of \$24,400 to \$113,600 through April 2043; interest at 4.5%

2,219,313 2,824,313

The general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

The City was in compliance in all material respects with all the revenue bond ordinances at June 30, 2006.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of June 30, 2006 follows:

Year ending	Government	al activities	Business-type activitie							
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest						
2007	67,100	4,100	65,500	131,000						
2008	27,800	1,500	68,400	127,900						
2009	28,200	1,200	68,400	124,700						
2010	28,600	800	68,400	121,500						
2011	28,900	334	69,000	118,200						
2012-2016	87,500	-	306,900	541,800						
2017-2021	87,500	-	282,300	476,400						
2022-2026	87,458	-	353,300	404,200						
2027-2031	-	-	417,000	313,300						
2032-2036	-	-	401,400	219,500						
2037-2041	_	-	500,200	120,500						
2042-2044			223,513	15,356						
	\$ 443,058 \$	7,934	\$\$	2,714,356						

June 30, 2006

NOTE H—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City manages its liability and property risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (MMRMA), a public entity risk pool providing property and liability coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMRMA for its insurance coverage. The MMRMA is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund (MMWCF), a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMWCF for its workers' compensation coverage. The MMWCF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers' compensation coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City carries commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Landfill Remediation

During 1996, The City completed the landfill remediation project. As part of the landfill remediation, the City must continue to monitor the area. The monitoring will be done through the testing of well samples twice a year for at least thirty years. The estimated liability is reported in Note G. The liability is estimated based on the average actual costs over three years, then extrapolated to the number of years remaining. The change in estimate this year resulted in an increase to the liability for governmental activities at July 1, 2005 of \$134,626.

June 30, 2006

NOTE I—EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time City employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City contributes 10 percent of participating employees' annual compensation each plan year. Total match contributions for the year ended June 30, 2006 was approximately \$31,800.

The Plan has created a trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries under rules provided in Internal Revenue Code Section 401(f).

NOTE J—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 23 percent of General Fund revenues.

NOTE K—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2006, the City purchased a new truck for about \$17,000.

In August 2006, the City committed to purchasing land and a building for the construction of a new City hall for \$125,000.



Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2006

Variance with

						fir	al budget -	
		Budgete	ed amoun	ts				positive
		Original		Final		Actual		negative)
REVENUES	_				_			
Property taxes	\$	316,000	\$	346,000	\$	353,148	\$	7,148
Licenses and permits		5,680		7,430		7,343		(87)
Intergovernmental revenues - state		160,000		160,000		163,989		3,989
Charges for services		154,525		156,775		148,261		(8,514)
Fines and forfeitures		3,000		3,000		1,887		(1,113)
Investment earnings		10,000		21,000		29,606		8,606
Other		13,374		13,374	_	10,290		(3,084)
Total revenues		662,579		707,579		714,524		6,945
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government								
City commission		33,033		40,533		44,069		(3,536)
City manager		68,742		68,742		69,147		(405)
Elections		2,794		2,794		2,287		507
Assessor and board of review		15,660		15,660		12,720		2,940
Clerk		15,883		16,708		16,518		190
Treasurer		36,994		36,994		38,146		(1,152)
City hall and grounds		34,327		37,327		34,231		3,096
Parking lot and mall		9,391		10,441		9,562		879
Brookside Cemetery		23,581		23,581		16,645		6,936
Public safety								
Police department		157,712		157,712		152,576		5,136
Fire department		30,142		30,142		23,302		6,840
Zoning inspections		4,961		4,961		4,961		-
Public works								
Department of public works		65,488		82,038		77,192		4,846
Alleys and sidewalks		2,760		3,180		2,478		702
Street lighting		21,500		21,500		20,662		838
Culture and recreation								
Recreation department		48,658		48,658		44,578		4,080
Riverside Park and grounds		69,961		68,581		69,156		(575)
Debt service								
Principal		1,089		1,089		1,089		-
Interest and fees		32		32		32		-
Capital outlay		-		3,600		12,075		(8,475)
Total expenditures	_	642,708		674,273		651,426		22,847
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		19,871		33,306		63,098		29,792
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		2,000		2,000		3,000		1,000
Transfers out		(9,000)		(31,000)		(31,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(7,000)		(29,000)		(28,000)		1,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	12,871	\$	4,306		35,098	\$	30,792
Fund balance at July 1, 2005					_	727,462		
Fund balance at June 30, 2006					\$=	762,560		

Required Supplementary Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Major Streets Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2006

		Budget	ed amour	nts				ariance with nal budget - positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues								
Federal	\$	-	\$	60,000	\$	28,986	\$	(31,014)
State		87,000		87,000		93,646		6,646
Investment earnings	_	1,550	_	5,550	_	6,132		582
Total revenues		88,550		152,550		128,764		(23,786)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public works								
Maintenance		16,993		21,993		17,753		4,240
Traffic services		1,036		1,036		192		844
Trunkline maintenance		15,280		15,280		14,119		1,161
Winter maintenance		13,521		13,521		12,353		1,168
Administration		575		575		539		36
Capital outlay	_	75,000		100,000	_	74,097		25,903
Total expenditures	_	122,405	_	152,405	_	119,053	_	33,352
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(33,855)		145		9,711		9,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		20,000		-		354		354
Transfers out	_	(34,794)		(34,794)	_	(34,974)		(180)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(14,794)	_	(34,794)		(34,620)	_	174
Net change in fund balance	\$=	(48,649)	\$_	(34,649)		(24,909)	\$_	9,740
Fund balance at July 1, 2005					_	195,751		
Fund balance at June 30, 2006					\$_	170,842		



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

						Specia	ıl R	evenue					Debt Service									Permanent
	:	Total other governmental funds		Local Streets		Garbage and Refuse Collection		DDA Operations	_	Law Enforcement	_	Capital Project	_	1992 Street Debt		1996 Street Debt		2001 Street Debt		DDA Debt	_	Cemetery Perpetual
ASSETS																						
Cash and investments	\$	258,345	\$	39,432	\$	42,533	\$	50,762	\$	1,950	\$	33,650	\$	-	\$	1,196	\$	-	\$	-	\$	88,822
Accounts receivable		12		-		12		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governmental units		4,371		4,371		2.054		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories	_	2,954		-		2,954	-	-	-		_		-		_	-			_	-	_	-
Total assets	\$_	265,682	\$_	43,803	\$	45,499	\$_	50,762	\$	1,950	\$_	33,650	\$_		\$_	1,196	\$		\$_	=	\$_	88,822
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities																						
Accounts payable	\$	5,702	S	_	\$	3,443	\$	2,259	s	-	\$	- ,	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	s	_	S	_
Accrued liabilities		288	-	288	-	-,	-	-,	-	_		_		_	•	-	-	_		_	-	_
Due to other governmental units		655		-		655		-		-		-		=		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities	_	6,645	_	288		4,098	-	2,259	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	_	-
Fund balances																						
Reserved for:																						
Inventories		2,954		-		2,954		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		1,196		-		=		-		-		-		=		1,196		=		-		-
Capital projects		33,650		-		-		-		-		33,650		-		-		-		-		-
Rights of way maintenance		14,238		14,238		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Perpetual care		88,822		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		88,822
Unreserved	_	118,177	-	29,277		38,447	-	48,503	-	1,950	_		-		_	-			_	-	_	
Total fund balances	_	259,037		43,515		41,401	_	48,503	_	1,950	_	33,650	_	-	_	1,196			_	-	_	88,822
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	265,682	\$_	43,803	\$	45,499	\$_	50,762	\$_	1,950	\$_	33,650	\$_		\$_	1,196	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	88,822

City of Scottville COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Other Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2006

					- 1	Revenue					Permanent				
	Total other governmental funds		Local Streets			DDA Operations	Law Enforcement	Capital Project	1992 Street Debt		1996 Street Debt	2001 Street Debt	DDA Debt		Cemetery Perpetual
REVENUES															
Property taxes	\$	73,881	\$ -	\$	29,183	\$ 44,698	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues		20.001	20.001												
State		30,901	30,901		- 20.425	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		1.050
Charges for services		31,485	-		30,435	2.467	-	- 071	-		-	-	-		1,050
Investment earnings		10,746	730	<u>'</u> -	2,392	2,467		871			-	·			4,286
Total revenues		147,013	31,631		62,010	47,165	-	871	-		-	-	-		5,336
EXPENDITURES															
Current															
General government		13,515	-		-	13,460	-	-	-		-	-	-		55
Public works		124,215	79,059)	45,156	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-
Debt service															
Principal		77,226	-		28,226	-	-	-	-		15,000	23,000	11,000)	-
Interest and fees		4,708			-						2,142	1,974	592	<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	_	219,664	79,059	<u> </u>	73,382	13,460					17,142	24,974	11,592	2 -	55
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(72,651)	(47,428	3)	(11,372)	33,705	-	871	-		(17,142)	(24,974)	(11,592	2)	5,281
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in		94,163	41,577	7	-	_	-	-	-		17,142	24,974	10,470)	_
Transfers out		(31,543)				(27,612)			(931)) _	-				(3,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	62,620	41,577	<u> </u>	-	(27,612)			(931))	17,142	24,974	10,470		(3,000)
Net change in fund balances		(10,031)	(5,851)	(11,372)	6,093	-	871	(931))	-	-	(1,122	2)	2,281
Fund balances at July 1, 2005	_	269,068	49,366	<u> </u>	52,773	42,410	1,950	32,779	931		1,196		1,122	<u>2</u> _	86,541
Fund balances at June 30, 2006	\$_	259,037	\$ 43,515	\$	41,401	\$ 48,503	\$ 1,950	\$ 33,650	\$	\$	1,196	\$	\$	_ \$_	88,822